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Transition Your MCITP: Database Administrator 2008 or MCITP: Database Developer 2008 to MCSE: Data Platform Exam: 70-459



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QUESTION 31 Drag and Drop Question You have a table named Table1 that contains 1 million rows. Table1 contains a column named Column1 that stores sensitive information. Column1 uses the nvarchar(16) data type. You have a certificate named Cert1. You need to replace Column1 with a new encrypted column that uses two-way encryption. Which code segment should you execute before you remove Column1? To answer, move the appropriate code segments from the list of code segments to the answer area and arrange them in the correct order.

```
ALTER TABLE Table1
ADD Column2 nvarchar(16);

CLOSE SYMMETRIC KEY;

CREATE SYMMETRIC KEY Keys WITH ALGORITHM =
SHA1
ENCRYPTION BY CERTIFICATE Cert1;

CREATE CREDENTIAL Creds WITH IDENTITY =
(1), SECRET = 'Password';

OPEN SYMMETRIC KEY Keys
DECRYPTION BY CERTIFICATE Cert1;

CREATE SYMMETRIC KEY Keys WITH ALGORITHM =
AES_256
ENCRYPTION BY CERTIFICATE Cert1;

UPDATE table1 SET Column = EncryptByKey
(Key_GUID('Keys'),Column);

ALTER TABLE Table1
ADD Column2 varbinary(16);
```

Answer:

ALTER TABLE Table1 ADD Column2 nvarchar(16);	ALTER TABLE Table1 ADD Column2 varbinary(16);
CLOSE SYMMETRIC KEY;	CREATE SYMMETRIC KEY Keys WITH ALGORITHM = AES_256 ENCRYPTION BY CERTIFICATE Cert1;
CREATE SYMMETRIC KEY Keys WITH ALGORITHM = SHA1 ENCRYPTION BY CERTIFICATE Cert1;	OPEN SYMMETRIC KEY Keys DECRYPTION BY CERTIFICATE Cert1;
CREATE CREDENTIAL Creds WITH IDENTITY = (1), SECRET = 'Password';	UPDATE table1 SET Column = EncryptByKey (Key_GUID('Keys'),Column);
OPEN SYMMETRIC KEY Keys DECRYPTION BY CERTIFICATE Cert1;	CLOSE SYMMETRIC KEY;
CREATE SYMMETRIC KEY Keys WITH ALGORITHM = AES_256 ENCRYPTION BY CERTIFICATE Cert1;	
UPDATE table1 SET Column = EncryptByKey (Key_GUID('Keys'),Column);	
ALTER TABLE Table1 ADD Column2 varbinary(16);	

Explanation: <http://www.databasejournal.com/features/mssql/article.php/3922881/Column-Level-Encryptionin-SQL-Server.htm>
<http://msdn.microsoft.com/en-us/library/bb510663.aspx>
<http://msdn.microsoft.com/en-us/library/ms179331.aspx>
<http://msdn.microsoft.com/en-us/library/ms175491.aspx>
<http://msdn.microsoft.com/en-us/library/ms181860.aspx>
<http://msdn.microsoft.com/en-us/library/ms174361.aspx>
<http://msdn.microsoft.com/en-us/library/ms190499.aspx>

<http://msdn.microsoft.com/en-us/library/ms177938.aspx><http://msdn.microsoft.com/en-us/library/ms345262.aspx>
<http://msdn.microsoft.com/en-us/library/ms188357.aspx><http://msdn.microsoft.com/en-us/library/ms175491.aspx> QUESTION 32 You are creating a table to support an application that will cache data outside of SQL Server. The application will detect whether cached values were changed before it updates the values. You need to create the table, and then verify that you can insert a row into the table. Which code segment should you use?

```

A. CREATE TABLE Table1 (
    ID int IDENTITY(1,1),
    Name varchar(100),
    Version uniqueidentifier DEFAULT NEWID())
INSERT INTO Table1 (Name, Version)
VALUES ('Smith, Ben')

B. CREATE TABLE Table1 (
    ID int IDENTITY(1,1),
    Name varchar(100),
    Version rowversion)
INSERT INTO Table1 (Name, Version)
VALUES ('Smith, Ben', NEWID())

C. CREATE TABLE Table1 (
    ID int IDENTITY(1,1),
    Name varchar(100),
    Version uniqueidentifier DEFAULT NEWID())
INSERT INTO Table1 (Name, Version)
VALUES ('Smith, Ben', NEWID())

D. CREATE TABLE Table1 (
    ID int IDENTITY(1,1),
    Name varchar(100),
    Version rowversion)
INSERT INTO Table1 (Name)
VALUES ('Smith, Ben')
    
```

A. Option AB. Option BC. Option CD. Option D Answer: D Explanation:

<http://msdn.microsoft.com/en-us/library/ms182776.aspx> <http://msdn.microsoft.com/en-us/library/ms187942.aspx>
<http://msdn.microsoft.com/en-us/library/ms190348.aspx> QUESTION 33 You use SQL Server 2012 to maintain the data used by the applications at your company. You plan to create a table named Table1 by using the following statement. (Line numbers are included for reference only.) You need to ensure that Table1 contains a column named UserName. The UserName column will:- Store string values in any language.- Accept a maximum of 200 characters.- Be case-sensitive and accent-sensitive. Which code segment should you add at line 03?

```

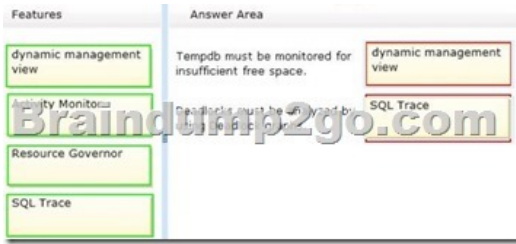
01 )
02 CREATE TABLE Table1 (
03
04     UserName nvarchar(200) COLLATE Latin1_General_CI_AI NOT NULL,
05
06     ID int IDENTITY(1,1) NOT NULL,
07     Version uniqueidentifier DEFAULT NEWID()
    
```

A. UserName nvarchar(200) COLLATE Latin1_General_CI_AI NOT NULL, B. UserName varchar(200) COLLATE Latin1_General_CI_AI NOT NULL, C. UserName nvarchar(200) COLLATE Latin1_General_CS_AS NOT NULL, D. UserName varchar(200) COLLATE Latin1_General_CS_AS NOT NULL, E. UserName nvarchar(200) COLLATE Latin1_General_CI_AS NOT NULL, F. UserName varchar(200) COLLATE Latin1_General_CI_AS NOT NULL, Answer: C Explanation: <http://msdn.microsoft.com/en-us/library/ms184391.aspx> <http://msdn.microsoft.com/en-us/library/ms143726.aspx> <http://msdn.microsoft.com/en-us/library/ff848763.aspx>

QUESTION 34 Drag and Drop Question You plan to deploy SQL Server 2012. Your company identifies the following monitoring requirements:- Tempdb must be monitored for insufficient free space. - Deadlocks must be analyzed by using Deadlock graphs. You need to identify which feature meets each monitoring requirement. Which features should you identify? To answer, drag the appropriate feature to the correct monitoring requirement in the answer area.

Features	Answer Area
dynamic management view	Tempdb must be monitored for insufficient free space. <input type="text"/> Feature
Activity Monitor	
Resource Governor	
SQL Trace	

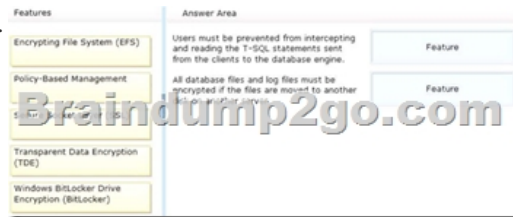
Answer:



Explanation: <http://msdn.microsoft.com/en-us/library/ms188754.aspx> <http://msdn.microsoft.com/en-us/library/cc879320.aspx> <http://msdn.microsoft.com/en-us/library/hh212951.aspx> <http://msdn.microsoft.com/en-us/library/bb933866.aspx>

QUESTION 35 You are creating a database that will store usernames and credit card numbers for an application. You need to recommend a solution to store the credit card numbers in the database. What should you recommend? More than one answer choice may achieve the goal. Select the BEST answer. A. One-way encryption B. Reversible encryption C. Encrypting File System (EFS) D. Transparent Data Encryption (TDE) Answer: A Explanation:

[http://technet.microsoft.com/en-us/library/hh994559\(v=ws.10\).aspx](http://technet.microsoft.com/en-us/library/hh994559(v=ws.10).aspx) <http://msdn.microsoft.com/en-us/library/bb964742.aspx> <http://msdn.microsoft.com/en-us/library/bb510663.aspx> QUESTION 36 Drag and Drop Question You plan to deploy SQL Server 2012. You identify the following security requirements for the deployment:- Users must be prevented from intercepting and reading the T-SQL statements sent from the clients to the database engine.- All database files and log files must be encrypted if the files are moved to another disk on another server. You need to identify which feature meets each security requirement. The solution must minimize processor overhead. Which features should you identify? To answer, drag the appropriate feature to the correct requirement in the answer area.



Answer:



Explanation: <http://msdn.microsoft.com/en-us/library/windows/desktop/aa364223.aspx> <http://msdn.microsoft.com/en-us/library/bb510667.aspx> <http://msdn.microsoft.com/en-us/library/bb879935.aspx> <http://msdn.microsoft.com/en-us/library/bb934049.aspx> <http://msdn.microsoft.com/en-us/library/windows/hardware/gg487306.aspx> <http://msdn.microsoft.com/en-us/library/ff773063.aspx> QUESTION 37 Drag and Drop Question You plan to install two SQL Server 2012 environments named Environment1 and Environment2. Your company identifies the following availability requirements for each environment:- Environment1 must have mirroring with automatic failover implemented. - Environment2 must have AlwaysOn with automatic failover implemented. You need to identify the minimum number of SQL Server 2012 servers that must be deployed to each environment to ensure that all data remains available if a physical server fails. How many servers should you identify? To answer, drag the appropriate number to the correct environment in the answer area.



Answer:

Number of Servers	Answer Area
2, 3, 4	Environment1 3
	Environment2 2

Explanation: <http://msdn.microsoft.com/en-us/library/ms189852.aspx><http://msdn.microsoft.com/en-us/library/hh510230.aspx>
 QUESTION 38 You have two SQL Server instances named SQLDev and SQLProd that have access to various storage media. You plan to synchronize SQLDev and SQLProd. You need to recommend a solution that meets the following requirements:- The database schemas must be synchronized from SQLDev to SQLProd. - The database on SQLDev must be deployed to SQLProd by using a package. - The package must support being deployed to SQL Azure. What should you recommend? More than one answer choice may achieve the goal. Select the BEST answer. A. a database snapshot B. change data capture C. a data-tier application D. SQL Server Integration Services (SSIS) E. SQL Data Sync Answer: D Explanation:

<http://msdn.microsoft.com/en-us/library/windowsazure/ee336279.aspx>
<http://msdn.microsoft.com/en-us/library/windowsazure/hh694043.aspx> <http://msdn.microsoft.com/en-us/library/hh456371.aspx>

QUESTION 39 You have a database named DB1. You plan to create a stored procedure that will insert rows into three different tables. Each insert must use the same identifying value for each table, but the value must increase from one invocation of the stored procedure to the next. Occasionally, the identifying value must be reset to its initial value. You need to design a mechanism to hold the identifying values for the stored procedure to use. What should you do? More than one answer choice may achieve the goal. Select the BEST answer. A. Create a sequence object that holds the next value in the sequence. Retrieve the next value by using the stored procedure. Reset the value by using an ALTER SEQUENCE statement as needed. B. Create a fourth table that holds the next value in the sequence. At the end each transaction, update the value by using the stored procedure. Reset the value as needed by using an UPDATE statement. C. Create a sequence object that holds the next value in the sequence. Retrieve the next value by using the stored procedure. Increment the sequence object to the next value by using an ALTER SEQUENCE statement. Reset the value as needed by using a different ALTER SEQUENCE statement. D. Create an identity column in each of the three tables. Use the same seed and the same increment for each table. Insert new rows into the tables by using the stored procedure. Use the DBCC CHECKIDENT command to reset the columns as needed. Answer: A Explanation:

<http://msdn.microsoft.com/en-us/library/ff878091.aspx> <http://msdn.microsoft.com/en-us/library/ms176057.aspx>
<http://msdn.microsoft.com/en-us/library/ff878572.aspx> <http://msdn.microsoft.com/en-us/library/ff878058.aspx> Case Study 1 - A.

Datum (QUESTION 40 ~ QUESTION 46) Overview General Overview A. Datum Corporation has offices in Miami and Montreal. The network contains a single Active Directory forest named adatum.com. The offices connect to each other by using a WAN link that has a 5-ms latency. A. Datum standardizes its database platform by using SQL Server 2012 Standard edition. Databases Each office contains databases named Sales, Inventory, Customers, Products, Personnel, and Dev. Servers and databases are managed by a team of database administrators. Currently, all of the database administrators have the same level of permissions on all of the servers and all of the databases. The Customers database contains two tables named Customers and Classifications. The following graphic shows the relevant portions of the tables:



The following table shows the current data in the Classifications table:


id	Classification	Description
1	Platinum	Yearly sales over 1,000,000
2	Gold	Yearly sales over 500,000
3	Silver	Yearly sales over 100,000

The Inventory database is used mainly for reports. The database is recreated every day. A full backup of the database currently takes three hours to complete. Stored Procedures A stored procedure named sp1 generates millions of rows of data for multiple reports. Sp1 combines data from five different tables from the Sales and Customers databases in a table named Table1. After Table1

is created, the reporting process reads data from a table in the Products database and searches for information in Table1 based on input from the Products table. After the process is complete, Table1 is deleted. A stored procedure named sp2 is used to generate a product list. Sp2 takes several minutes to run due to locks on the tables the procedure accesses. A stored procedure named sp3 is used to update prices. Sp3 is composed of several UPDATE statements called in sequence from within a transaction. Currently, if one of the UPDATE statements fails, the stored procedure continues to execute. A stored procedure named sp4 calls stored procedures in the Sales, Customers, and Inventory databases. The nested stored procedures read tables from the Sales, Customers, and Inventory databases. Sp4 uses an EXECUTE AS clause. A stored procedure named sp5 changes data in multiple databases. Security checks are performed each time sp5 accesses a database. You suspect that the security checks are slowing down the performance of sp5. All stored procedures accessed by user applications call nested stored procedures. The nested stored procedures are never called directly. Design Requirements Data Recovery You must be able to recover data from the Inventory database if a storage failure occurs. You have a Recovery Point Objective (RPO) of one hour. You must be able to recover data from the Dev database if data is lost accidentally. You have a Recovery Point Objective (RPO) of one day. Classification Changes You plan to change the way customers are classified. The new classifications will have four levels based on the number of orders. Classifications may be removed or added in the future. Management requests that historical data be maintained for the previous classifications. Security A group of junior database administrators must be able to view the server state of the SQL Server instance that hosts the Sales database. The junior database administrators will not have any other administrative rights. Storage A. Datum has limited storage. Whenever possible, all storage space should be minimized for all databases and all backups. Error Handling There is currently no error handling code in any stored procedure. You plan to log errors in called stored procedures and nested stored procedures. Nested stored procedures are never called directly. QUESTION 40 You need to recommend a solution for the planned changes to the customer classifications. What should you recommend? (Each correct answer presents part of the solution. Choose all that apply.) A.

Add a table to track any changes made to the classification of each customer. B. Add columns for each classification to the Customers table. C. Implement change data capture. D. Add a row to the Customers table each time a classification changes. E. Add a column to the Classifications table to track the status of each classification. Answer: AEE Explanation: * scenario: You plan to change the way customers are classified. The new classifications will have four levels based on the number of orders. Classifications may be removed or added in the future. Incorrect: Not E: Change data capture provides information about DML changes on a table and a database. By using change data capture, you eliminate expensive techniques such as user triggers, timestamp columns, and join queries. Braindump2go New Released 70-459 Dump PDF Free Download, 125 Questions in all, Passing Your Exam 100% Easily!

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