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Download:<https://drive.google.com/drive/folders/0B75b5xYLjSSNRU9xWGk1cFJiaTg?usp=sharing>QUESTION 241Refer to the exhibit. You must configure zones on a Cisco MDS 9000 Series SAN switch. Host_A must be able to communicate with target_A and with target_B in the Zoneset_10 active zone set in VSAN 10. Which command set should you use?

End Device	Device Alias	PWWN
host-A	HOST_A	21:01:00:e0:8b:39:a9:07
target-A	TARGET_A	21:00:00:20:37:af:a5:93
target-B	TARGET_B	21:00:00:20:37:af:a5:3d

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target-A

A.

```
MDS9K# conf t
MDS9K(config)# device-alias database
MDS9K(config-device-alias-db)# device-alias name HOST_A pwwn 21:01:00:e0:8b:39:a9:07
MDS9K(config-device-alias-db)# device-alias name TARGET_A pwwn 21:00:00:20:37:af:a5:93
MDS9K(config-device-alias-db)# device-alias name TARGET_B pwwn 21:00:00:20:37:af:a5:3d
MDS9K(config-device-alias-db)# exit
MDS9K(config)# zoneset name Zoneset_10 vsan 10
MDS9K(config-zoneset-zone)# member device-alias HOST_A
MDS9K(config-zoneset-zone)# member device-alias TARGET_A
MDS9K(config-zoneset-zone)# zone name Host_A-Target_B
MDS9K(config-zoneset-zone)# member device-alias HOST_A
MDS9K(config-zoneset-zone)# member device-alias TARGET_B
MDS9K(config-zoneset-zone)# zone commit vsan 10
MDS9K(config)# zone commit vsan 10
```

B.

```
MDS9K# conf t
MDS9K(config)# device-alias database
MDS9K(config-device-alias-db)# device-alias name HOST_A pwwn 21:01:00:e0:8b:39:a9:07
MDS9K(config-device-alias-db)# device-alias name TARGET_A pwwn 21:00:00:20:37:af:a5:93
MDS9K(config-device-alias-db)# device-alias name TARGET_B pwwn 21:00:00:20:37:af:a5:3d
MDS9K(config-device-alias-db)# exit
MDS9K(config)# device-alias commit
MDS9K(config)# zoneset name Zoneset_10 vsan 10
MDS9K(config-zoneset-zone)# member device-alias HOST_A
MDS9K(config-zoneset-zone)# member device-alias TARGET_A
MDS9K(config-zoneset-zone)# zone name Host_A-Target_B
MDS9K(config-zoneset-zone)# member device-alias HOST_A
MDS9K(config-zoneset-zone)# member device-alias TARGET_B
MDS9K(config-zoneset-zone)# zone commit vsan 10
MDS9K(config)# zoneset activate name Zoneset_10 vsan 10
MDS9K(config)# zone commit vsan 10
```

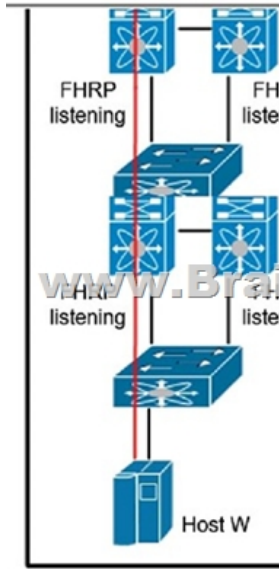
C.

```
MDS9K# conf t
MDS9K(config)# device-alias database
MDS9K(config-device-alias-db)# device-alias name HOST_A pwwn 21:01:00:e0:8b:39:a9:07
MDS9K(config-device-alias-db)# device-alias name TARGET_A pwwn 21:00:00:20:37:af:a5:93
MDS9K(config-device-alias-db)# device-alias name TARGET_B pwwn 21:00:00:20:37:af:a5:3d
MDS9K(config-device-alias-db)# exit
MDS9K(config)# zoneset name Zoneset_10 vsan 10
MDS9K(config-zoneset-zone)# member device-alias HOST_A
MDS9K(config-zoneset-zone)# member device-alias TARGET_A
MDS9K(config-zoneset-zone)# zone name Host_A-Target_B
MDS9K(config-zoneset-zone)# member device-alias HOST_A
MDS9K(config-zoneset-zone)# member device-alias TARGET_B
MDS9K(config-zoneset-zone)# zone commit vsan 10
MDS9K(config)# zoneset activate name Zoneset_10 vsan 10
```

```
D. MDS9K# conf t
MDS9K(config)# device-alias database
MDS9K(config-device-alias-db)# device-alias name HOST_A pwwn 21:01:00:e0:8b:39:a9:07
MDS9K(config-device-alias-db)# device-alias name TARGET_A pwwn21:00:00:20:37:af:a5:93
MDS9K(config-device-alias-db)# device-alias name TARGET_B pwwn 21:00:00:20:37:af:a5:3d
MDS9K(config-device-alias-db)# exit
MDS9K(config)# zoneset name Zoneset_10 vsan 10
MDS9K(config-zoneset)# zone name Host_A-Target_A
MDS9K(config-zoneset-zone)# member device-alias HOST_A
MDS9K(config-zoneset-zone)# member device-alias TARGET_A
MDS9K(config-zoneset-zone)# zone name Host_A-Target_B
MDS9K(config-zoneset-zone)# member device-alias HOST_A
MDS9K(config-zoneset-zone)# member device-alias TARGET_B
MDS9K(config-zoneset-zone)# zone commit vsan 10
MDS9K(config)# zoneset activate name Zoneset_10 vsan 10
```

```
E. MDS9K# conf t
MDS9K(config)# device-alias database
MDS9K(config-device-alias-db)# device-alias name HOST_A pwwn 21:01:00:e0:8b:39:a9:07
MDS9K(config-device-alias-db)# device-alias name TARGET_A pwwn21:00:00:20:37:af:a5:93
MDS9K(config-device-alias-db)# device-alias name TARGET_B pwwn 21:00:00:20:37:af:a5:3d
MDS9K(config-device-alias-db)# exit
MDS9K(config)# device-alias commit
MDS9K(config)# zoneset name Zoneset_10 vsan 10
MDS9K(config-zoneset)# zone name Host_A-Target_A
MDS9K(config-zoneset-zone)# member device-alias HOST_A
MDS9K(config-zoneset-zone)# member device-alias TARGET_A
MDS9K(config-zoneset-zone)# zone name Host_A-Target_B
MDS9K(config-zoneset-zone)# member device-alias HOST_A
MDS9K(config-zoneset-zone)# member device-alias TARGET_B
MDS9K(config-zoneset-zone)# zone commit vsan 10
```

Answer: AQUESTION 242Refer to the exhibit. You have a suboptimal outbound routing issue in the data center.



Which two options can you use to resolve the issue? (Choose two.)
A. On the QTV edge devices, configure an ACL that prevents hosts from reaching the FHRP master router on the other site.
B. Configure the same FHRP priority on all of the OTV edge devices in both sites.
C. Remove the VLAN from which FHRP hellos are sent from the extended VLAN range.
D. On the QTV edge devices, configure a VACL that prevents FHRP hellos from being forwarded on the overlay.
E. On the OTV VDC configure an OTV MAC route filter that prevents the virtual FHRP MAC address from being announced to other sites
Answer: DEQUESTION 243Refer to the exhibit. Which type of domain does the configuration create?

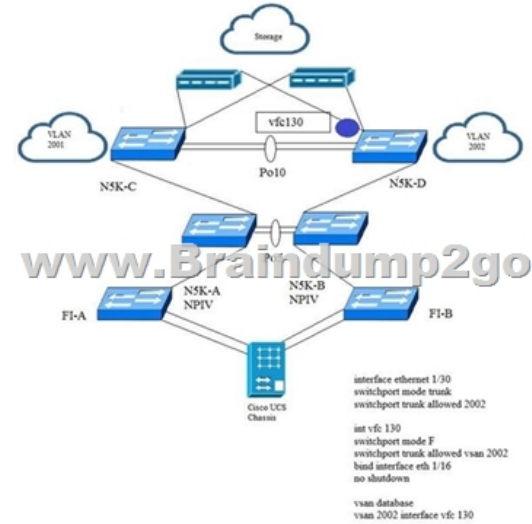
```
switch# configure terminal
switch(config)# install feature-set fabricpath
switch(config)# feature-set fabricpath
switch(config)# feature vn-segment-vlan-based
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switch# configure terminal
switch(config)# vlan 90
switch(config-vlan)# mode fabricpath
switch(config-vlan)# vn-segment 4096
```

JA. Layer 3 localB. Layer 2 globalC. Layer 3 globalD. Layer 2 localAnswer: BQUESTION 244Refer to the exhibit. Which fabric-provided MAC address does the switch use when connecting to an end node on VSAN 9?

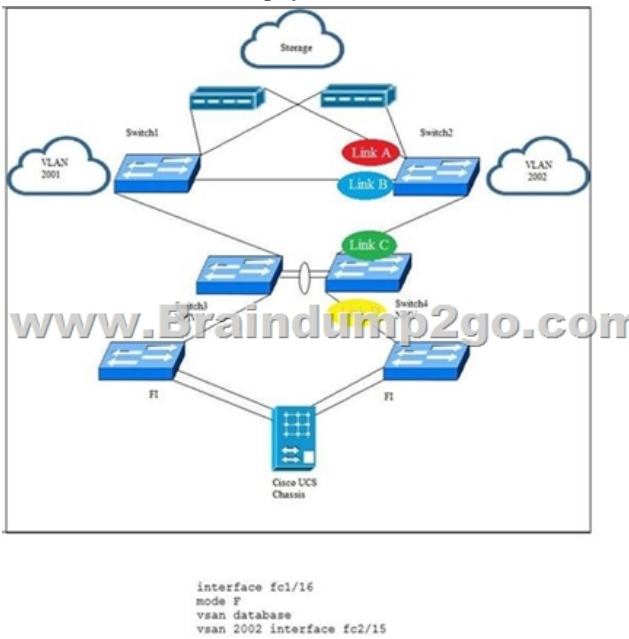
```

fcoe fcmmap 0e.fc.00
fcoe fcf-priority 42
fcoe fka-adv-period 42
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fcdomain fcid persistent vsan 2
fcdomain fcid database
vsan 9 wwn 40:15:18:c2:00:61:c7:a1 fcid 0x5eff01 area
    
```

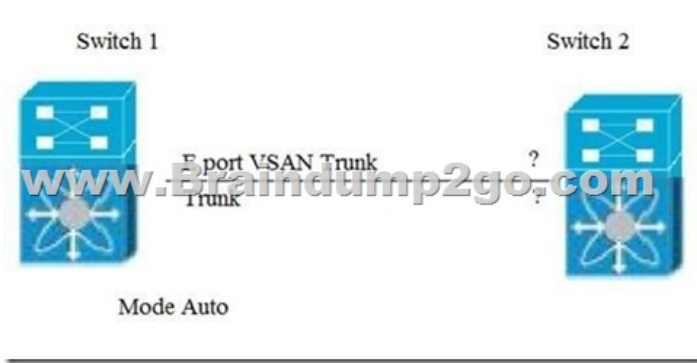
A. 40.15.18.5e.ff.01B. 0e.fc.00.5e.ff.01C. 5e.ff.01.0e.fc.00D. 40.15.18.0e.fc.00
Answer: B QUESTION 245 Refer to the exhibit. What is the effect of the bind interface eth 1/16 command on the vfc130 interface?



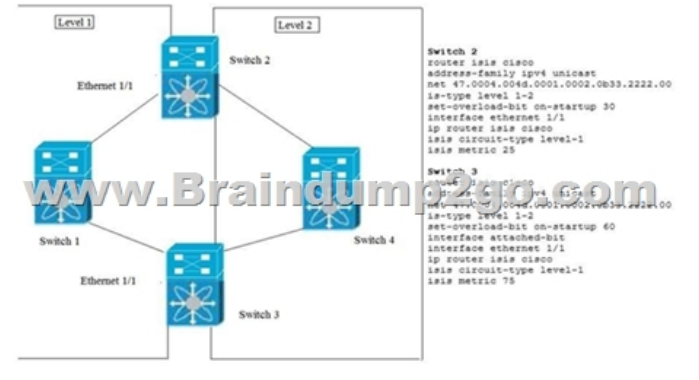
A. It attaches the physical Fibre Channel interface to the virtual Fibre Channel interface
 B. It attaches the FCoE interface to the VSAN interface
 C. It transitions the port to the forwarding state of the spanning tree automatically
 D. It attaches the virtual Fibre Channel interface to the physical interface
Answer: A QUESTION 246 Refer to the exhibit. The configuration belongs to which link?



A. Link C on Switch4
 B. Link D on Switch4
 C. Link B on Switch2
 D. Link A on Switch2
Answer: D QUESTION 247 Refer to the exhibit. Which two features must you configure on Switch 2 to establish a VSAN trunk between Switch 1 and Switch 2? (Choose two.)



How does Switch 1 route traffic to the Level 2 network?
 A. F port B. trunk Mode On C. NP port D. Trunk Mode Auto E. E port
Answer: B QUESTION 248 Refer to the exhibit.



A. Switch 1 prefers Switch 3 as the path to the Level 2 network
 B. Switch 1 sends 75 percent of the traffic destined for Level 2 to Switch 3 and 25 percent to Switch 2
 C. Switch 1 load balances traffic destined for Level 2 between Switch 2 and Switch 3
 D. Switch 1 prefers Switch 2 as the path to the Level 2 network
Answer: D QUESTION 249 Refer to the exhibit. Which statement about STP on the vPC is true?

```

N7K-1
spanning-tree vlan 1-10 priority 8192

vpc domain 100
  role priority 100
  peer-keepalive destination 10.1.1.2 source 10.1.1.1
vrf default
  delay restore 60
  peer-switch
  auto-recovery
  ip arp synchronize
N7K-2
spanning-tree vlan 1-10 priority 8192

vpc domain 100
  role priority 200
  peer-keepalive destination 10.1.1.1 source 10.1.1.2
vrf default
  delay restore 60
  peer-switch
  auto-recovery
  ip arp synchronize
    
```

A. N7K-1 preempts N7K-2 as the STP root.
 B. N7K-1 appears as the STP root.
 C. N7K-1 and N7K-2 appear as a single STP bridge.
 D. N7K-2 appears as the STP root.
Answer: B QUESTION 250 Which three types of interfaces are required when implementing VXLAN on a Cisco Nexus 9000 Series Switch? (Choose three.)
 A. Ethernet
 B. overlay
 C. ACID
 D. loopback
 E. NVEF
 F. management
Answer: AED QUESTION 251 Which feature does a vFC interface support?
 A. SAN port channels
 B. port tracking
 C. buffer-to-buffer credits
 D. F Port mode
Answer: D QUESTION 252 Which two actions are required when configuring LISP virtual machine mobility across subnets? (Choose two.)
 A. Filter HSRP hello messages across data centers to create an active-active HSRP setup
 B. Enable proxy ARP on the interfaces that allow virtual machine mobility
 C. Configure different MAC addresses across all the HSRP groups
 D. Ensure that all the HSRP virtual IP addresses are different in the extended LANs

Propagate ARP packets across all the broadcast domains of the data center.**Answer: AB!!!RECOMMEND!!!1.**|2018 Latest 300-165 Exam Dumps (PDF & VCE) 275Q&As Download:<https://www.braindump2go.com/300-165.html2>.|2018 Latest 300-165 Study Guide Video: YouTube Video: [YouTube.com/watch?v=cwpTomv62qc](https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=cwpTomv62qc)