

## [2017-Aug-NewsFull Version 70-764 VCE and PDF Dumps 135Q for Free Download[51-60

2017 August New 70-764 Exam Dumps with PDF and VCE Updated in [www.Braindump2go.com](http://www.Braindump2go.com) Today!100% 70-764 Real Exam Questions! 100% 70-764 Exam Pass Guaranteed! 1.|2017 New 70-764 Exam Dumps (PDF & VCE) 135Q&As Download: <https://www.braindump2go.com/70-764.html> 2.|2017 New 70-764 Exam Questions and Answers Download: <https://drive.google.com/drive/folders/0B75b5xYLjSSndIF6dzFQVE9kUjA?usp=sharing> QUESTION 51Note: This question is part of a series of questions that use the same scenario. For your convenience, the scenario is repeated in each question. Each question presents a different goal and answer choices, but the text of the scenario is exactly the same in each question in this series.Drag and Drop QuestionYou are a database administrator for a company that has an on-premises Microsoft SQL Server environment and Microsoft Azure SQL Database instances. The environment hosts several customer databases, and each customer uses a dedicated instance. The environments that you manage are shown in the following table.

Customer	Cloud Type	Description
AdventureWorks Cycles	Private	The environment includes a database named <b>Adventureworks</b> that contains a single schema named <b>ADVSchema</b> . You must implement auditing for all objects in the <b>ADVSchema</b> schema. You must also implement auditing to record access to data that is considered sensitive by the company.
Tailspin Toys	Private	Tailspin Toys has a custom application that accesses a hosted database named <b>TSpinDB</b> . The application will monitor <b>TSpinDB</b> and capture information over time about which database objects are accessed and how frequently they are accessed.
Contoso, Ltd.	Private	The environment has a database named <b>ConDB</b> that was recently upgraded to Microsoft SQL Server 2016. Contoso reports that <b>ConDB</b> is slow to return results when the server is busy. You must improve the performance of the database.
Wingtip Toys	Private	Wingtip Toys has a database named <b>WingDB</b> . All tables in the database have indexes. Users report system response time is slow during peak activity periods. You observe that the performance issues are related to locking. Wingtip Toys receives data updates from suppliers each week. You must implement a process for importing the data into <b>WingDB</b> . You must use minimal logging and minimized data loss during import process.
Wide World Importers	Public	The environment includes a database named <b>WDWDB</b> . Neither auditing nor statistics are configured for <b>WDWDB</b> . You must log any deletion of views and all database record update operations.

You need to implement a process for importing data into WingDB. Which three actions should you perform in sequence? To answer, move the appropriate actions from the list of actions to the answer area and arrange them in the correct order.

**Actions**

- Perform a full backup of the database, and enable the bulk-logged recovery model.
- Back up the tail of the transaction log.
- Drop any clustered indexes from the tables being imported into.
- Import the data.
- Rebuild any indexes on the tables being imported into.
- Drop any nonclustered indexes from the tables being imported into.

**Answer Area**

Perform a full backup of the database, and enable the bulk-logged recovery model.

Import the data.

Back up the tail of the transaction log.

Drop any clustered indexes from the tables being imported into.

Rebuild any indexes on the tables being imported into.

Drop any nonclustered indexes from the tables being imported into.

Answer: **Actions** **Answer Area**

- Drop any clustered indexes from the tables being imported into.
- Drop any nonclustered indexes from the tables being imported into.
- Rebuild any indexes on the tables being imported into.

Perform a full backup of the database, and enable the bulk-logged recovery model.

Import the data.

Back up the tail of the transaction log.

Explanation: Step 1: Perform a full backup of the database and enable the bulk-logged recovery model. Not: Simple recovery model. With the Simple recovery model we cannot minimize data loss. Step 2: Import the data. Step 3: Backup the tail of the transaction log. For databases that use full and bulk-logged recovery, database backups are necessary but not sufficient. Transaction log backups are also required. Note: Three recovery models exist: simple, full, and bulk-logged. Typically, a database uses the full recovery model or simple recovery model. A database can be switched to another recovery model at any time. QUESTION 52 Hotspot Question You manage a Microsoft SQL Server environment. You have a database named salesOrders that includes a table named Table1. Table1 becomes corrupt. You repair the table. You need to verify that all the data in Table1 complies with the schema. How should you complete the Transact-SQL code statement? To answer, select the appropriate Transact-SQL code segments in the dialog box in the answer area.

**Answer Area**

```
USE salesOrders
GO
DBCC CHECKCONSTRAINTS ( 'Table1' )
WITH (
    CHECKCATALOG
    CHECKCONSTRAINTS
    ALL_CONSTRAINTS
    ALL_ERRORMSG
    NO_INFOMSGS
)
```

Answer: **Answer Area**

```
USE salesOrders
GO
DBCC CHECKCONSTRAINTS ( 'Table1' )
WITH (
    CHECKCATALOG
    CHECKCONSTRAINTS
    ALL_CONSTRAINTS
    ALL_ERRORMSG
    NO_INFOMSGS
)
```

Explanation: Box 1: CHECKCONSTRAINTS DBCC CHECKCONSTRAINTS checks the integrity of a specified constraint or all constraints on a specified table in the current database. Box 2: ALL\_CONSTRAINTS ALL\_CONSTRAINTS checks all enabled and disabled constraints on the table if the table name is specified or if all tables are checked; otherwise, checks only the enabled constraint. Note: Syntax: DBCC CHECKCONSTRAINTS[(table\_name | table\_id | constraint\_name | constraint\_id)][ WITH[ { ALL\_CONSTRAINTS | ALL\_ERRORMSG } ][, ] [NO\_INFOMSGS ]]

References: <https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/sql/t-sql/database-console-commands/dbcc-checkconstraints-transact-sql> QUESTION 53 Hotspot Question You deploy a Microsoft SQL Server instance to support a global sales application. The instance includes the following tables: TableA and TableB. TableA is a partitioned table that uses an incrementing integer number for partitioning. The table has millions of rows in each partition. Most changes to the data in TableA affect recently added data. The UPDATE STATISTICS for TableA takes longer to complete than the allotted maintenance window. Thousands of operations are performed against TableB each minute. You observe a large number of Auto Update Statistics events for TableB. You need to address the performance issues with each table. In the table below, identify the action that will resolve the issues for each table. NOTE: Make only one selection in each column.

**Answer Area**

Action	TableA	TableB
Run the following Transact-SQL statement: SET AUTO_UPDATE_STATISTICS_ASYNC ON	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
Run the following Transact-SQL statement: SET AUTO_UPDATE_STATISTICS OFF	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
Run the following Transact-SQL statement and then recreate all indexes and statistics using the INCREMENTAL keyword: SET AUTO_CREATE_STATISTICS on (INCREMENTAL = ON)	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
Run the sp_updatestats procedure instead of the following Transact-SQL statement: UPDATE STATISTICS	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>

Answer: **Answer Area**

Action	TableA	TableB
Run the following Transact-SQL statement: SET AUTO_UPDATE_STATISTICS_ASYNC ON	<input type="radio"/>	<input checked="" type="radio"/>
Run the following Transact-SQL statement: SET AUTO_UPDATE_STATISTICS OFF	<input checked="" type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
Run the following Transact-SQL statement and then recreate all indexes and statistics using the INCREMENTAL keyword: SET AUTO_CREATE_STATISTICS on (INCREMENTAL = ON)	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
Run the sp_updatestats procedure instead of the following Transact-SQL statement: UPDATE STATISTICS	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>

Explanation: Table A: Auto\_update statistics off Table A does not change much. There is no need to update the statistics on this table. Table B: SET AUTO\_UPDATE\_STATISTICS\_ASYNC ON You can set the database to update statistics asynchronously: ALTER DATABASE YourDBName SET AUTO\_UPDATE\_STATISTICS\_ASYNC ON If you enable this option then the Query Optimizer will run the query first and update the outdated statistics afterwards. When you set this option to OFF, the Query Optimizer will update the outdated statistics before compiling the query. This option can be useful in OLTP environments  
 References: <https://www.mssqltips.com/sqlservertip/2766/sql-server-auto-update-and-auto-create-statistics-options/> QUESTION 54 Drag and Drop Question You administer a Microsoft SQL Server database named Contoso. You create a stored procedure named Sales.ReviewInvoice by running the following Transact-SQL statement:

```
CREATE PROCEDURE Sales.ReviewInvoice (@SaleID int)
AS
SET NOCOUNT ON;
SELECT * FROM Sales.SalesInvoices WHERE SalesID = @SaleID;
EXEC sp_executesql @SQL;
```

You need to create a Windows-authenticated login named ContosoSearch and ensure that ContosoSearch can run the Sales.ReviewInvoices stored procedure. Which three Transact-SQL segments should you use to develop the solution? To answer, move the appropriate Transact-SQL segments from the list of Transact-SQL segments to the answer area and arrange them in the correct order.

Transact-SQL segments	Answer Area
<pre>use Contoso GO CREATE USER Contoso\SalesGroup FOR LOGIN Contoso\SalesGroup</pre>	
<pre>ALTER ROLE db_owner ADD MEMBER Contoso\SalesGroup GRANT VIEW DEFINITION ON Sales.- SalesInvoice TO Contoso\SalesGroup</pre>	
<pre>use master CREATE LOGIN Contoso\SalesGroup FROM WINDOWS GO</pre>	
<pre>use master CREATE LOGIN Contoso\ContosoSearch WITH PASSWORD='Password' GO</pre>	
<pre>GRANT EXECUTE ON Sales.ReviewInvoice TO Contoso\SalesGroup GRANT VIEW DEFINITION ON Sales.SalesIn- voice TO Contoso\SalesGroup</pre>	
<pre>GRANT EXECUTE, SELECT ON Sales.Review- Invoice TO Contoso\SalesGroup</pre>	

Answer:

Transact-SQL segments	Answer Area
<pre>ALTER ROLE db_owner ADD MEMBER Contoso\SalesGroup GRANT VIEW DEFINITION ON Sales.- SalesInvoice TO Contoso\SalesGroup</pre>	<pre>use master CREATE LOGIN Contoso\ContosoSearch WITH PASSWORD='Password' GO</pre>
<pre>use master CREATE LOGIN Contoso\SalesGroup FROM WINDOWS GO</pre>	<pre>use Contoso GO CREATE USER Contoso\SalesGroup FOR LOGIN Contoso\SalesGroup</pre>
<pre>GRANT EXECUTE ON Sales.ReviewInvoice TO Contoso\SalesGroup GRANT VIEW DEFINITION ON Sales.SalesIn- voice TO Contoso\SalesGroup</pre>	<pre>GRANT EXECUTE, SELECT ON Sales.Review- Invoice TO Contoso\SalesGroup</pre>

QUESTION 55 You have configured Resource Governor with three resource pools. You have assigned the first resource pool a minimum CPU and memory value of 20%. You have assigned the second resource pool a minimum CPU and memory value of 30%. You want to assign maximum CPU and memory values to the third resource pool. What is the maximum CPU and memory value you can assign to this resource pool? A. 30% B. 50% C. 70% D. 100% Answer: B  
 QUESTION 56 You administer a single server that contains a Microsoft SQL Server 2016 default instance on which several production databases have been deployed. You plan to install a new ticketing application that requires the deployment of a database on the server. The SQL login for this application requires sysadmin permissions. You need to ensure that the login for the ticketing application cannot access other production databases. What should you do? A. Use the SQL Server default instance and enable Contained Databases. B. Use the SQL Server

default instance and configure a user-defined server role. Add the login for the ticketing application to this role. C. Install a new named SQL Server instance on the server. D. Install a new default SQL Server instance on the server. Answer: C

QUESTION 57  
You administer a Microsoft SQL Server 2016 failover cluster that contains two nodes named Node A and Node B. A single instance of SQL Server is installed on the cluster. An additional node named Node C has been added to the existing cluster. You need to ensure that the SQL Server instance can use all nodes of the cluster. What should you do? A. Create a ConfigurationFile.ini file from Node B, and then run the AddNode command-line tool on Node A. B. Use Node A to install SQL Server on Node C. C. Run the Add Node to SQL Server Failover Cluster Wizard on Node C. D. Use Cluster Administrator to add a new Resource Group to Node B. Answer: C

QUESTION 58  
You administer a Microsoft SQL Server 2016 database. The database contains a customer table created by using the following definition: You need to ensure that the minimum amount of disk space is used to store the data in the customer table. What should you do? A. Implement row-level compression. B. Implement page-level compression. C. Convert all indexes to Column Store indexes. D. Implement Unicode compression. Answer: B

QUESTION 59  
You are creating an application that will connect to the AgentPortal database by using a SQL login named AgentPortalUser. Stored procedures in the database will use sp\_send\_dbmail to send email messages. You create a user account in the msdb database for the AgentPortalUser login. You use the Database Mail Configuration Wizard to create a Database Mail profile. Security has not been configured for the Database Mail profile. You need to ensure that AgentPortalUser can send email messages. What should you do? A. In the Database Mail Configuration Wizard, configure the Database Mail profile as a private profile for the AgentPortalUser account. B. Disable the guest user in the msdb database. C. Use the sysmail\_help\_profileaccount\_sp stored procedure to add accounts to the Database Mail profile. D. In the Database Mail Configuration Wizard, create an email account for each recipient's email address in the Database Mail profile. Answer: A

QUESTION 60  
You administer a Microsoft SQL Server 2016 default instance. The instance is hosted by a server that has a local firewall configured. The firewall only allows inbound connections on port 1433. The server only hosts a single instance of SQL Server. You need to ensure that the instance is configured to allow remote connections even if the SQL Server is unresponsive to client connections. What should you do? Choose all that apply. A. Enable inbound connections on TCP port 1434 in the Windows Firewall on the server. B. Execute the following Transact-SQL command: sp\_configure 'remote admin connections', C. Execute the Reconfigure command. D. Execute the following Transact-SQL command: sp\_configure 'remote access', 1E. Restart the SQL Server Agent Service. F. Enable inbound connections on TCP port 135 in the Windows Firewall on the server. Answer: ABC !!!RECOMMEND!!!

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